## apthelp: Often used stuff in the apt package management family

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## February 8, 2019

The apt system sources are configured in /etc/apt/sources.list.

```
deb http://debian.mirror.ac.za/debian/ stretch main contrib non-free
deb http://debian.mirror.ac.za/debian/ stretch-updates main contrib non-free
deb http://debian.mirror.ac.za/debian/ stretch-backports main contrib non-free
```

deb http://security.debian.org/debian-security stretch/updates main contrib non-free Useful package-level commands are apt-get, apt-cache, and the per-package command dpkg.

apt	-s	simulate = dry-run
	update	Updates the database. RUN BEFORE ANY apt command.
	dist-upgrade	Same as upgrade, but sorts dependancies.
	install $pkg1 pkg2$	
	${\tt download} \ pkg1 \ pkg2$	puts .deb in current dir. Proxy!
	remove $pkg1 pkg2$	
	purge $pkg1 pkg2$	removes, including configuration files.
	autoremove	removes old dependancies. BEWARE! Do not leave too long!
	check	database sanity.
	clean	get rid of .deb files.
apt-cache	search x y	Anything with x y (-d Descrip too)
	show $\operatorname{pkg}$	info
	$\operatorname{\mathtt{policy}} \operatorname{pkg}$	installed?
	${ t pkgnames}  { t pkg}$	Uninstalled pkgs available
	showpkg $\operatorname{pkg}$	Deps of uninstalled pkg
	${ t depends}  { m pkg}$	Deps of installed pkg
	stats	Database statistics.
dpkg	-1 pkg	lists installed pkg. All w/o pkg.
	-L pkg	lists files installed by pkg

lists pkg to which filename belongs

-S filename